

CLIMATE CHANGE & SECURITY

STRENGTHENING RESILIENCE TO CLIMATE-FRAGILITY RISKS

The climate security challenge

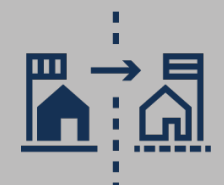


Climate change is at the heart of the peace and security agenda of the 21st century. The ultimate ‘threat multiplier’, climate change worsens existing social, economic and environmental risks that can fuel unrest and potentially result in violent conflict.

The 7 compound climate-fragility risks:



Local resource competition



Livelihood insecurity and migration



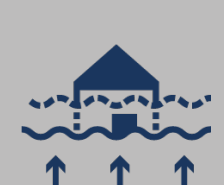
Extreme weather events and disasters



Volatile food prices and provision



Transboundary water management



Sea-level rise and coastal degradation



Unintended effects of climate policies

From: A New Climate For Peace: Taking Action on Climate Fragility Risks (G7, 2015)

Converting theory to practice



Project objective

The project aims to strengthen the resilience of crisis-affected countries by integrating climate change in peacebuilding efforts and reducing conflict risks in climate change programming.



Gender-responsive approach

Ensuring that the different and specific capacities and vulnerabilities of men, women, boys and girls are taken into account in the design and implementation of activities.

How is the project implemented?



Integrated climate-fragility risk assessment



Strategic and operational tools



Local, national and global level



Where does the project work?

SUDAN



NEPAL

